

Interim Financial Reports (unaudited)

for the period ended February 29, 2020

Statements of Financial Position (unaudited) (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019 (notes 1 and 12)

	February 29, 202		August 31, 2019
Assets			
Current assets			
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) † (notes 2			
and 3)	\$	1,927,142	\$ 1,803,422
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value		60,682	36,255
Interest receivable		67	56
Dividends receivable		3,601	2,854
Receivable for portfolio securities sold		-	43
Receivable for units issued		4,694	843
Other receivables		4	-
Total Assets		1,996,190	1,843,473
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Payable for portfolio securities purchased		-	85
Payable for units redeemed		2,064	474
Other accrued expenses		-	1
Total Liabilities		2,064	560
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of			
Redeemable Units (note 5)	\$	1,994,126	\$ 1,842,913
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of			
Redeemable Units per Class			
Class A	\$	330,176	\$ 303,071
Class F	\$	284,151	\$ 225,101
Class O	\$	1,379,799	\$ 1,314,741
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of			
Redeemable Units per Unit (note 5)			
Class A	\$	20.31	\$ 20.12
Class F	\$	31.19	\$ 30.87
Class 0	\$	32.93	\$ 32.69

† Securities Lending

The tables that follow indicate the Fund had assets involved in securities lending transactions outstanding as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019:

	Aggregate Value of Securities on Loan (\$000s)	Aggregate Value of Collateral for Loan (\$000s)
February 29, 2020	90,141	95,534
August 31, 2019	10,507	11,033

	i	ii	iii	iv
February 29, 2020	-	95,534	_	-
August 31, 2019	_	11,033	-	-

* See note 2j for Collateral Type definitions.

Organization of the Fund (note 1)

The Fund was established on November 24, 1998 (Date Established).

	Inception Date
Class A	December 17, 1998
Class F	September 26, 2005
Class O	May 31, 2006

Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited) (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 (notes 1 and 12) $\,$

		February 29, 2020		February 28, 2019
Net Gain (Loss) on Financial Instruments				
Interest for distribution purposes	\$	382	\$	176
Dividend revenue		12,708		10,191
Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives				
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives		495		157
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency (notes 2f and g)		248		41
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives		21,960		16,173
Net Gain (Loss) on Financial Instruments		35.793		26,738
Other Income				
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash		45		119
Securities lending revenue ±		43		48
•		94		167
Expenses (note 6)				
Management fees ±±		4.696		3.442
Audit fees		.,000		6
Custodial fees		108		83
Independent review committee fees		2		2
Legal fees		3		2
Regulatory fees		24		24
Transaction costs ±±±		47		127
Unitholder reporting costs		406		323 1.252
Withholding taxes (note 7) Other expenses		1,453 84		1,252
otilei expenses				
		6,829		5,294
Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager		(98)		(204)
		6,731		5,090
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding				
distributions)		29,156		21,815
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class				
(excluding distributions) Class A			۴	721
Class F	\$ \$	1,614 1,398	\$ \$	2,320
Class 0	ŝ	26,144	э \$	18,774
Average Number of Units Outstanding for the	Ÿ	20,111	<u> </u>	10,771
Period per Class				
Class A		15,503		13,055
Class F		8,026		6,392
Class O		40,971		36,940
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit				
(excluding distributions) Class A	¢	0.11	¢	0.05
Class F	\$ \$	0.11	\$ \$	0.05 0.35
Class C	s S	0.17	ծ Տ	0.50
	φ	0.03	φ	0.00

± Securities Lending Revenue (note 2j)

	February 29, 2020				February	/ 28, 2019
	(in	000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue	(i	n 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue
Gross securities lending revenue	\$	65	100.0	\$	62	100.0
Interest paid on collateral		-	-		-	-
Withholding taxes Agent fees - Bank of New York		-	-		-	-
Mellon Corp. (The)		16	24.6		14	22.6
Securities lending revenue	\$	49	75.4	\$	48	77.4

±± Maximum Chargeable Management Fee Rates (note 6)

١	1.95%
	0.85%
)	0.00%

±±± Brokerage Commissions and Fees (notes 8 and 9)

	2020	2019
Brokerage commissions and other fees (\$000s)		
Total Paid	44	66
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc.	-	-
Paid to CIBC World Markets Corp.	-	-
Soft dollars (\$000s)		
Total Paid	-	-
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp.	-	-

Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses (note 9)

	2020	2019
(\$000s)	327	242

Service Provider (note 9)

The amounts paid by the Fund (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees, and to CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (*CIBC GSS*) for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (all net of absorptions) for the periods ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 were as follows:

	2020	2019
(\$000s)	110	82

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (unaudited) (in 000s)

For the periods ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 (note 1)

		Class A	Units	5		Class F	Units		Class O Units		
	Fe	bruary 29, 2020	l	February 28, 2019	Fe	bruary 29, 2020	February 28, 2019	F	ebruary 29, 2020		February 28, 2019
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)	\$	1,614	\$	721	\$	1,398	\$ 2,320	\$	26,144	\$	18,774
Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units ‡											
From net investment income		-		-		(1,540)	(559)		(19,729)		(12,259
		-		-		(1,540)	(559)		(19,729)		(12,259
Redeemable Unit Transactions											
Amount received from the issuance of units		71,625		49,778		87,361	44,690		116,669		176,877
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions		-		-		1,182	462		19,685		12,225
Amount paid on redemptions of units		(46,134)		(26,828)		(29,351)	(20,784)		(77,711)		(102,094
		25,491		22,950		59,192	24,368		58,643		87,008
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units		27,105		23,671		59,050	26,129		65,058		93,523
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period		303,071		234,639		225,101	172,191		1,314,741		1,074,938
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period	\$	330,176	\$	258,310	\$	284,151	\$ 198,320	\$	1,379,799	\$	1,168,461
Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding (note 5) As at February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019											
Balance - beginning of period		15,064		12,417		7,292	5,992		40,215		35,405
Redeemable units issued		3,376		2,725		2,685	1,623		3,398		6,139
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments		-		-		36	18		564		447
		18,440		15,142		10,013	7,633		44,177		41,991
Redeemable units redeemed		(2,183)		(1,478)		(901)	(753)		(2,281)		(3,501
Balance - end of period		16,257		13,664		9,112	6,880		41,896		38,490

‡ Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses (note 7) As at December 2019, the Fund had net capital and non-capital losses (in \$000s) for income tax purposes available to be carried forward as follows:

	Total Non-Capital Losses
Total Net Capital Losses	that Expire in: 2029 to 2039
20,256	_

Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) (in 000s)

For the periods ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 (note 1)

	February 29, 2020	February 28, 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$ 29,156	\$ 21,815
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	(45)	(119)
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	(495)	(157)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	(21,960)	(16,173)
Purchase of investments	(105,118)	(188,112)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	3,811	51,387
Interest receivable	(11)	8
Dividends receivable	(747)	(799)
Other receivables	(4)	52
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	(1)	_
	(95,414)	(132,098)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Amount received from the issuance of units	271,804	270,906
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(151,606)	(149,286)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(402)	(131)
	119,796	121,489
Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period	24,382	(10,609)
Foreign Exchange Loss (Gain) on Cash	45	119
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period	36,255	55,423
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period	\$ 60,682	\$ 44,933
Interest received	\$ 371	\$ 184
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 10,508	\$ 8,140

Renaissance Global Growth Fund

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited) As at February 29, 2020

Security	Number of Shares	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
CANADIAN EQUITIES Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc., Class 'B'	989,300	33,882	40,324	
		33,882	40,324	2.0%
TOTAL CANADIAN EQUITIES	-	33,882	40,324	2.0%
INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES				
Australia CSL Ltd.	153,699	11,787	41,587	
		11,787	41,587	2.1%
China				
CNOOC Ltd.	13,962,000	24,561 24,561	25,676 25,676	1.3%
Denmark	-	24,301	23,070	1.3 %
Novo Nordisk AS, Series 'B'	542,000	26,772	42,536	
	-	26,772	42,536	2.1%
Finland Kone OYJ, Class 'B'	511,300	32,903	38,639	
	511,500	32,903	38,639	1.9%
France	=	02,000	00,000	1.0 /0
Dassault Systèmes SA	83,041	10,334	17,473	
L'Oréal SA LVMH Moët Hennessy-Louis Vuitton SA	83,400 67,200	17,097 17,238	29,783 36,927	
		44,669	84,183	4.2%
Germany				
SAP AG	221,400	30,387	36,599	1.00/
U.s	-	30,387	36,599	1.8%
Hong Kong AlA Group Ltd.	3,387,600	24,681	44,857	
Hong Kong & China Gas Co. Ltd.	8,312,030	12,142	21,469	
Jardine Matheson Holdings Ltd.	397,800	33,181	29,047	4.00/
Ireland	-	70,004	95,373	4.8%
Experian PLC	932,500	26,690	41,581	
Linde PLC	157,800	25,913	40,457	
have a second	-	52,603	82,038	4.1%
Japan FANUC Corp.	154,400	32,120	34,528	
Keyence Corp.	98,064	14,375	41,992	
Shin-Etsu Chemicals Co. Ltd. SMC Corp.	313,400 37,200	28,260 15,300	47,366 19,939	
	37,200	90,055	143,825	7.2%
Spain	-		,	
Industria de Diseno Textil SA	1,136,200	42,754	47,360	
	-	42,754	47,360	2.4%
Switzerland Nestlé SA, Registered	276,000	23,420	37,956	
Novartis AG, Registered	343,000	37,892	38,772	
Roche Holding ÅG Genusscheine SGS SA, Registered	111,400 5,051	34,528 12,272	47,998 16,851	
Sub SP, negistered	3,031	108,112	141,577	7.1%
Taiwan	-	,	,	
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd., ADR	719,800	23,684	52,018	
	-	23,684	52,018	2.6%
United Kingdom Compass Group PLC	1,017,100	24,554	29,940	
Reckitt Benckiser Group PLC	356,000	36,066	35,051	
	-	60,620	64,991	3.3%
United States Communication Services				
Alphabet Inc., Class 'A'	3,100	2,128	5,572	
Alphabet Inc., Class 'C'	23,018	20,059	41,380	
Walt Disney Co. (The)	208,900	28,428 50,615	32,989 79,941	4.0%
Consumer Discretionary	-	30,013	<i>i</i> J,J 4 I	4.0 /0
Booking Holdings Inc.	18,950	47,698	43,130	
Nike Inc., Class [°] B' Starbucks Corp.	315,100 341,792	15,289	37,803 35,981	
Starbucks Corp. TJX Cos. Inc. (The)	41,792 476,920	22,983 16,717	35,981 38,281	
		102,687	155,195	7.8%
Consumer Staples		0.000	00 5 15	
Colgate-Palmolive Co.	325,800	24,022	29,549	1 E 0/
	-	24,022	29,549	1.5%

Renaissance Global Growth Fund

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited) As at February 29, 2020 (cont'd)

	Number	Average Cost	Fair Value	% or Net
Security	of Shares	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	Assets
Energy EOG Resources Inc.	483,900	40.207	41.000	
Schlumberger Ltd.	483,900 517,700	49,397 39,401	41,088 18,825	
	517,700	88,798	59,913	3.0%
Health Care		88,798	29,913	3.0%
Cerner Corp.	429.200	33,156	39,906	
Edwards Lifesciences Corp.	429,200	23,443	45,284	
Gilead Sciences Inc.	296,000	31,294	27,557	
Intuitive Surgical Inc.	43,090	7,323	30,883	
Johnson & Johnson	209,500	27,737	37,816	
Stryker Corp.	156.200	21.044	39,959	
Waters Corp.	119,600	31,349	31,286	
		175,346	252,691	12.7%
Industrials				
Fastenal Co.	773,800	20,522	35,542	
		20,522	35,542	1.8%
Information Technology				
Adobe Inc.	116,000	5,278	53,736	
Amphenol Corp., Class 'A'	335,300	26,395	41,261	
Automatic Data Processing Inc.	186,000	22,323	38,632	
Cisco Systems Inc.	771,900	32,143	41,371	
Cognex Corp.	340,600	22,137	20,362	
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corp., Class 'A' MasterCard Inc., Class 'A'	473,000 135.800	39,219 9,169	38,683 52,906	
Mister Card Inc., Class A Microsoft Corp.	229,400	9,109 8,419	49,885	
Oracle Corp.	613,800	32,003	49,005	
		197,086	377,585	18.9%
Total United States		659,076	990,416	49.7%
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES		1,277,987	1,886,818	94.6%
TOTAL EQUITIES		1,311,869	1,927,142	96.6%
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost		(555)	27 .	
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		1,311,314	1,927,142	96.6%
Other Assets, less Liabilities			66,984	3.4%
TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF				
REDEEMABLE UNITS			1,994,126	100.0%

Renaissance Global Growth Fund

Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited)

Offsetting Arrangements (note 2d)

The Fund may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

As at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, the Fund did not enter into any arrangements whereby the financial instruments were eligible for offset.

Interest in Underlying Funds (note 4)

As at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, the Fund had no investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership exceeded 20% of each Underlying Fund.

Financial Instrument Risks

Investment Objective: Renaissance Global Growth Fund (the *Fund*) seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio consisting primarily of equity securities of companies located anywhere in the world.

Investment Strategies: The Fund invests primarily in common shares of companies that exhibit above-average growth rates in earnings in a given industry. The Fund also invests in companies that possess above-average earnings and may provide the prospect of above-average stock market returns, although such companies tend to have higher relative stock market valuations. Emphasis will also be given to companies having medium to large market capitalizations.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Fund are discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

Concentration Risk as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Fund as at February 29, 2020.

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Fund as at August 31, 2019, and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

As at August 31, 2019

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
	Net Assets
Canadian Equities	2.0
International Equities	
Australia	1.8
China	1.5
Denmark	2.0
Finland	2.1
France	4.4
Germany	1.9
Hong Kong	4.8
Ireland	4.0
Japan	7.3
Spain	2.6
Switzerland	7.5
Taiwan	2.2
United Kingdom	3.9
United States Equities	
Communication Services	4.3
Consumer Discretionary	8.2
Consumer Staples	1.8
Energy	3.2
Health Care	13.6
Industrials	1.7
Information Technology	17.1
Other Assets, less Liabilities	2.1
Total	100.0

Credit Risk

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, the Fund had no significant investments in debt securities.

Currency Risk

The tables that follow indicate the currencies to which the Fund had significant exposure as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, based on the market value of the Fund's financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) and the underlying principal amounts of forward foreign currency contracts, as applicable. As at February 29, 2020

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
USD	1,125,819	56.5
EUR	207,987	10.4
JPY	143,825	7.2
CHF	142,848	7.2
GBP	106,571	5.3
HKD	92,003	4.6
DKK	42,718	2.1
AUD	41,587	2.1

* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

As at August 31,	2019
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Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
USD	1,028,425	55.8
EUR	202,962	11.0
CHF	139,025	7.5
JPY	135,162	7.3
GBP	109,688	6.0
HKD	92,973	5.0
DKK	37,651	2.0
AUD	33,195	1.8

* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019 would have decreased or increased had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all foreign currencies. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, the actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	February 29, 2020	August 31, 2019
Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	19,034	17,791

Interest Rate Risk

As at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, the majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing and short-term in nature; accordingly, the Fund is not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Fund maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Fund's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For funds that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Fund's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class A units of the Fund as compared to the return of the Fund's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Fund. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

	Impact on Net Asse	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)			
Benchmark	February 29, 2020	August 31, 2019			
MSCI World Index	19,578	18,613			

Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019 in valuing the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

As at February 29, 2020

, .,				
	Level 1 (i)	Level 2 (ii)	Level 3 (iii)	Total
Classification	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
Financial Assets				
Equities	1,927,142	-	-	1,927,142
Total Financial Assets	1,927,142	-	-	1,927,142
(i) Quoted prices in active markets f	or identical assets			
(ii) Significant other chaonyable input	ito			

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

As at August 31, 2019

Total Financial Assets	1,803,422	-	-	1,803,422
Equities	1,803,422	_	-	1,803,422
Financial Assets				
Classification	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	Level 1 (i)	Level 2 (ii)	Level 3 (iii)	Total

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 1 to Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement - Level 3

The Fund did not hold any Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (see note 1)

1. Renaissance Investments - Organization of the Funds and Financial Reporting Periods

Each of the funds in the Renaissance Investments family of funds (individually, a *Fund*, and collectively, the *Funds*) is a mutual fund trust (except for Renaissance Global Focus Currency Neutral Fund, Renaissance Optimal Global Equity Currency Neutral Portfolio, and Renaissance Global Real Estate Currency Neutral Fund, which are unit trusts). The Funds are organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (*Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Funds' registered office is 18 York Street, Suite 1300, Toronto, Ontario.

The manager of the Funds is CIBC Asset Management Inc. (the Manager). The Manager is also the trustee, registrar, portfolio advisor, and transfer agent of the Funds.

Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. In the future, the offering of any classes of a Fund may be terminated or additional classes may be offered. On September 1, 2017, the Manager closed classes of units to all purchases. The following tables outline the classes of units available for sale as of the date of these financial statements and the classes of units that were closed to purchases as of September 1, 2017:

Classes of Units Available for Sale:

Funds	Class A	Class T4	Class T6	Class F	Class FT4	Class FT6	Class O
Renaissance Money Market Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Canadian T-Bill Fund	✓						✓
Renaissance U.S. Money Market Fund	✓			1			✓
Renaissance Short-Term Income Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Canadian Bond Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Real Return Bond Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Corporate Bond Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance U.S. Dollar Corporate Bond Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance High-Yield Bond Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Floating Rate Income Fund (also offers Class H, Class FH and Class OH units)	~			~			~
Renaissance Flexible Yield Fund (also offers Class H, Class FH, and Class OH units)	✓			~			~
Renaissance Global Bond Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance Canadian Balanced Fund	\checkmark			✓			√
Renaissance U.S. Dollar Diversified Income Fund	\checkmark			✓			√
Renaissance Optimal Conservative Income Portfolio	\checkmark	~	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
Renaissance Optimal Income Portfolio	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓
Renaissance Optimal Growth & Income Portfolio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Renaissance Canadian Dividend Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Canadian Monthly Income Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Diversified Income Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance High Income Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance Canadian Core Value Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance Canadian Growth Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Canadian All-Cap Equity Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Canadian Small-Cap Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance U.S. Equity Income Fund (also offers Class H, Class FH, and Class OH units)	✓	✓	✓	~	~	~	~
Renaissance U.S. Equity Value Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance U.S. Equity Growth Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance U.S. Equity Growth Currency Neutral Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance U.S. Equity Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance International Dividend Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance International Equity Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance International Equity Currency Neutral Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance Global Markets Fund	✓			~			√
Renaissance Optimal Global Equity Portfolio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	✓
Renaissance Optimal Global Equity Currency Neutral Portfolio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	✓
Renaissance Global Value Fund	✓			✓			√
Renaissance Global Growth Fund	✓			✓			√
Renaissance Global Growth Currency Neutral Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance Global Focus Fund	\checkmark			✓			√
Renaissance Global Focus Currency Neutral Fund	\checkmark			✓			✓
Renaissance Global Small-Cap Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance China Plus Fund	✓			✓			√
Renaissance Emerging Markets Fund	✓			~			✓
Renaissance Optimal Inflation Opportunities Portfolio	✓			✓			✓

Funds	Class A	Class T4	Class T6	Class F	Class FT4	Class FT6	Class O
Renaissance Global Infrastructure Fund	✓			~			~
Renaissance Global Infrastructure Currency Neutral Fund	✓			✓			~
Renaissance Global Real Estate Fund	✓			~			~
Renaissance Global Real Estate Currency Neutral Fund	✓			~			~
Renaissance Global Health Care Fund	✓			✓			✓
Renaissance Global Science & Technology Fund	✓			~			~

Classes of Units Closed to Purchases as of September 1, 2017:

Fund	Class T8	Premium Class	Class H-Premium	Class F-Premium	Class FH-Premium	Elite Class	Elite-T4 Class	Elite-T6 Class	Elite-T8 Class	Select Class	Select-T4 Class	Select-T6 Class	Select-T8 Class
Renaissance Money Market Fund		~											
Renaissance Short Term Income Fund		~		~									
Renaissance Canadian Bond Fund		~		~									
Renaissance Real Return Bond Fund		~											
Renaissance Corporate Bond Fund		~		~									
Renaissance U.S. Dollar Corporate Bond Fund		~		~									
Renaissance High Yield Bond Fund		~											
Renaissance Floating Rate Income Fund		~	~	~	~								
Renaissance Flexible Yield Fund		~	~	~	~								
Renaissance Global Bond Fund		~		~									
Renaissance U.S. Dollar Diversified Income Fund		~		~									
Renaissance Optimal Conservative Income Portfolio						√				~	✓		
Renaissance Optimal Income Portfolio	~					✓		~	~	~		~	~
Renaissance Optimal Growth & Income Portfolio	~					✓		~	~	~	~	~	
Renaissance U.S. Equity Income Fund				~	~								
Renaissance Optimal Global Equity Portfolio							~						

Each class of units may charge a different management fee and operating expenses can either be common or class-specific. Class-specific expenses are allocated on a class-by-class basis. As a result, a separate net asset value per unit is calculated for each class of units.

Class A, T4, and T6 units are available to all investors on a load basis. Investors may pay a sales commission when purchasing Class A, T4, and T6 units of the Funds or may pay a deferred sales charge if they redeem their Class A, T4, T6, and T8 units. They may have to pay a short-term trading fee, if applicable.

Select, Select-T4, Select-T6, and Select-T8 Class units have a lower management expense ratio than Class A, T4, T6, and T8 units. Investors may pay a deferred sales charge if they redeem their Select, Select-T4, Select-T6, and Select-T8 Class units.

Elite, Elite-T4, Elite-T6, and Elite-T8 Class units have a lower management expense ratio than Class A, T4, T6, T8, Select, Select-T4, Select-T6, and Select-T8 units. Investors may pay a deferred sales charge if they redeem their Elite, Elite-T4, Elite-T6, and Elite-T8 Class units.

Class T4, T6, and T8 units have the same characteristics as Class A units, except that they each intend to pay a unique maximum fixed distribution amount per unit, which also results in a separate net asset value per unit. Select-T4, Select-T6, and Select-T8 Class units are the same as Select Class units except that they each intend to pay a unique maximum fixed distribution amount per unit. Elite-T4, Elite-T6, and Elite-T8 Class units are the same as Elite Class units, except that they each intend to pay a unique maximum fixed distribution amount per unit.

Class F, Class FT4 and Class FT6 units are available to investors participating in programs that do not require the payment of sales charges by investors and do not require the payment of service fees or trailing commissions to dealers. For these investors, the Manager "unbundles" the typical distribution costs and charges a lower management fee. Potential investors include clients of "fee-for-service" investment advisors, dealer-sponsored "wrap accounts", and others who pay an annual fee to their dealer instead of transactional sales charges and where the dealer does not receive service fees or trailing commissions from the Manager.

Investors may have to pay a deferred sales charge if they redeem their Premium Class units.

Class 0 and Class 0H units are only available to select investors who have been approved by and have entered into a Class 0 or Class 0H unit account agreement with the Manager or whose dealer or discretionary manager offers separately managed accounts or similar programs and has entered into a Class 0 or Class 0H unit account agreement with the Manager. These investors are typically financial services companies, including the Manager, that use Class 0 or Class 0H units of a Fund to facilitate offering other products to investors. No management fees or operating expenses are charged to a Fund in respect of Class 0 and Class 0H units; instead, a negotiated management fee is charged by the Manager directly to, or as directed by, Class 0 and Class 0H unitholders.

Class H, Class HT4, Class HT6, Class FH74, Class FH74, Class FH76, Class FH76,

The date upon which each Fund was established by Declaration of Trust (Date Established) and the date upon which each class of units of each Fund was first sold to the public (Inception Date) are reported in footnote Organization of the Fund on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each of the Funds is as at February 29, 2020. The Statements of Financial Position are as at February 29, 2020 and August 31, 2019. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units and the Statements of Cash Flows are for the six-months ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019, except for Funds or classes established during either period, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to February 29, 2020 or February 28, 2019.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on April 20, 2020.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards Interim Reporting (SIAS 34) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical-cost convention. However, each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Funds. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

a) Financial Instruments

Classification and recognition of financial instruments

Under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, the Funds classify financial assets into one of three categories based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Those categories are;

- Amortized Cost assets held within a business model whose objective is to collect cash flows and where the contractual cash flows of the assets are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI criterion). Amortization of the asset is calculated utilizing the Effective Interest Rate Method.
- Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) Financial assets such as debt instruments that meet the SPPI criterion and are held within a business model with objectives that include both collecting the associated contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Gains and Losses are reclassified to Profit or Loss upon de-recognition for debt instruments but remain in Other Comprehensive Income for equity instruments
- Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at Amortized Cost or FVOCI. Derivative contracts are measured at FVTPL. For all instruments classified
 as FVTPL, the gains and losses are recognized in Profit or Loss.

Financial Liabilities are classified at FVTPL when they meet the definition of held-for-trading (HFT) or when they are designated as FVTPL on initial recognition using the fair value option.

The Manager has assessed the business models of the Funds and has determined that the Funds' portfolio of financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' risk management and investment strategies; therefore, classification and measurement of financial assets is FVTPL.

All Funds have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, the Funds' obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemption amount.

b) Risk Management

The Funds' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Funds' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Fund's Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio for specific risk disclosures.

Fair value of financial instruments

Financial Instruments are valued at their fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to notes 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instruments held by the Funds. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Funds use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Funds classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Fund's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Fund, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Funds also have a Valuation Committee, which meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Funds, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with a Fund. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Funds.

Certain Funds may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of 'A-1 (Low)' or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global), or equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the Funds' 'Financial Instruments Risk' under sub-section 'Credit Risk' represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Funds may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Funds in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2j.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. This is because mutual funds may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency.

Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Liquidity risk

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Funds retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Fund to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Fund.

Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Each transaction of purchase or sale of a portfolio asset by a Fund is reflected in the net assets no later than the first computation of net assets made after the date on which the transaction becomes binding upon the Fund.
- ii) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Fund accounted for on an accrual basis. The Funds do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities, except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- iii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iv) Security transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the Over-the-Counter (*OTC*) market when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- v) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction cost, of the related investments.
- vi) Investment income is the sum of income paid to the Fund that is generated from a Fund's investment fund holdings.
- vii) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

d) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table Offsetting Arrangements as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives, which are subject to offsetting.

e) Portfolio Securities

The cost of securities of the Funds is determined in the following manner. Securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Fund. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is referred to as the "adjusted cost base" or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost, which approximates their fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

f) Foreign Exchange

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency (except for Renaissance U.S. Money Market Fund, Renaissance U.S. Dollar Diversified Income Fund and Renaissance U.S. Dollar Corporate Bond Fund, which are valued in U.S. dollars) at the current rates prevailing on each Valuation Date.

Purchases and sales of investments, income, and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency (with the exception of the above-mentioned Funds, which are valued in U. S. dollars) at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency and in Income, respectively, on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

The Funds may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an Increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Funds that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging, or as Derivative income (loss) for Funds that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

h) Futures Contracts

The Funds may enter into futures contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each Valuation Date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous Valuation Date is recorded as Derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

i) Options

The Funds may enter into options contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Fund will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase. When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Fund will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Fund will record a realized gain reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

j) Securities Lending

Certain Funds may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Fund are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Fund (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 - *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

- i) Cash;
- ii) Qualified securities;
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the fund in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by a designated credit organization, or its designated credit rating organization affiliate, have a designated rating; and
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Fund on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Fund's securities lending transactions are reported in footnote *Securities Lending* on the Statements of Financial Position.

National Instrument 81-106 – Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure requires a reconciliation of the gross income amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Funds to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Funds' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Funds. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

k) Multi-Class Structured Funds

Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units. The realized and unrealized capital gains or capital losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Fund are allocated on each Valuation Date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trade(s) dated for that day, of each class at the date on which the allocation is made. All class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Funds on a recoverable basis.

I) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities

Loans and Receivables, other assets and liabilities are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value with the exception of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, which are presented at the redemption value.

m) Legend for Abbreviations

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

Currency Abbreviations

AED AUD BRL CAD CHF CLP CNY COP CZK DKK EUR GBP	 United Arab Emirates Dirham Australian Dollar Brazilian Real Canadian Dollar Swiss Franc Chilean Peso Chinese Renminbi Colombian Peso Czech Koruna Danish Krone Euro British Pound 	JPY KRW MXN MYR NOK NZD PEN PLN RUB SEK SGD	 Japanese Yen South Korean Won Mexican Peso Malaysian Ringgit Norwegian Krone New Zealand Dollar Peruvian Nuevo Sol Philippine Peso Polish Zloty Russian Ruble Swedish Krona Singapore Dollar
COP	 Colombian Peso 	PHP	 Philippine Peso
CZK	- Czech Koruna	PLN	 Polish Zloty
DKK	– Danish Krone	RUB	 Russian Ruble
EUR	– Euro	SEK	 Swedish Krona
GBP	 British Pound 	SGD	 Singapore Dollar
HKD	 Hong Kong Dollar 	THB	 Thai Baht
HUF	 Hungarian Forint 	TRY	 New Turkish Lira
IDR	 Indonesian Rupiah 	TWD	 Taiwan Dollar
ILS	 Israeli Sheke 	USD	- United States Dollar
INR	– Indian Rupee	ZAR	 South African Rand
Other A	bbreviations		

ADR – American Depositary Receipt

iUnits – Index Units Securities

ADC	 Austrian Depositary Certificates 	LEPOs	 Low Exercise Price Options
CVO	 Contingent Value Obligations International 	MSCI	 Morgan Stanley Capital Index
ETF	 Exchange-Traded Fund 	OPALS	 Optimized Portfolios as Listed
GDR	 Global Depositary Receipt Securities 	PERLES	 Performance Linked to Equity
IPN	 International Participation Note 	REIT	 Real Estate Investment Trust
iShare	s – Index Shares	SDR	 Swedish Depositary Receipt

n) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit

The increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported in the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

3. Valuation of Investments

The valuation date for a Fund is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business (Valuation Date). The Manager may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates. The value of the investments or assets of a Fund is determined as follows:

a) Cash and Other Assets

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Fund and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

Short-term investments (money market instruments) are valued at fair value.

b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, the Manager will then determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Fund invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the trustee or manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate fair value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Fund. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Fund's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

d) Derivatives

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are fair valued using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Financial, Inc.) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Fund, the premium received by the Fund will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current fair value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Fund. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral.

Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

e) Restricted Securities

Restricted securities purchased by any Fund will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

f) Other Securities

All other investments of the Funds will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable, and using fair valuation techniques that most accurately reflect their current value as determined by the Manager.

The value of any security or other property of a Fund for which a market quotation is not readily available or where, in the opinion of the Manager, the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities, will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using fair valuation techniques that most accurately reflect their fair value as established by the Manager.

4. Interest in Underlying Funds

The Funds may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the Underlying Fund's net assets. The Funds' interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Funds' maximum exposure on those investments. The Funds' interests in Underlying Funds as at the prior year periods end are presented in the Financial Instrument Risks – Concentration Risks section in the Supplemental Schedule to the Schedule of Investment Portfolio. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in *Investment Income* in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of comprehensive Income. The Funds in other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table Interests in Underlying Funds is presented as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio which provides additional information on the Funds' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each fund is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of a Fund. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net asset value as determined on each valuation date. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by a Fund and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of a Fund.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of a redeemable unit per unit of each class of units of a Fund. A right to redeem units of a Fund may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of a Fund, not including any liabilities of a Fund, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for a Fund. The Funds are not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital received by the Fund is utilized within the respective investment mandate of the Fund. This includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the six-month periods ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Funds and are calculated daily and paid monthly. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. Advertising and promotional expenses, office overhead expenses related to the Manager's activities, trailing commissions and the fees of the portfolio sub-advisors are paid by the Manager out of the management fees received from the Funds. The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value for each class of units of the Fund is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Managerent Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For Class O and Class OH units, management fees are negotiated with and paid by, or as directed by, unitholders, or dealers and discretionary managers on behalf of unitholders.

In addition to the management fees, the Funds are responsible for all expenses relating to the operation and conduct of the business of the Funds, including interest, operating, and administrative costs (other than advertising and promotional expenses, which are the responsibility of the Manager), brokerage fees, commissions, spreads, regulatory fees (including the portion of the regulatory fees paid by the Manager that are attributable to the Funds), Independent Review Committee fees and expenses, taxes, audit and legal fees and expenses, trustee fees, safekeeping fees, custodial fees, any agency fees, securities lending, repurchase, and reverse repurchase fees, investor servicing costs, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, fund facts, and other reports. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and recovered from the Funds. In Funds do not pay a fee to the Trustee.

The Manager may recover from a Fund less than the actual class-specific operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing class-specific expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Fund less than the maximum management fee noted in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing class-specific operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Class-specific operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Fund that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Fund. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Fund to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Fund (*Management Fee Distributions*).

Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Fund. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Fund or any of the Fund's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Fund invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Fund does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Funds may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Fund. The Manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

All of the Funds (except Renaissance Global Focus Currency Neutral Fund, Renaissance Optimal Global Equity Currency Neutral Portfolio, and Renaissance Global Real Estate Currency Neutral Fund, which are unit trusts) qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Funds on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, for all of the Funds (except those that do not qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Funds are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Funds and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Fund may pay distributions in excess of net income and net realized capital gains of the Fund. This excess distribution is called a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units of tax purposes.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for 20 years.

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Fund's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in footnote *Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses* on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

Renaissance Money Market Fund, Renaissance Canadian T-Bill Fund, Renaissance U.S. Money Market Fund, Renaissance Global Focus Currency Neutral Fund, Renaissance Optimal Global Equity Currency Neutral Portfolio and Renaissance Global Real Estate Currency Neutral Fund have a taxation year-end of December 31. All other Funds have a taxation year-end of December 15.

The Funds currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Funds to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In allocating brokerage business, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors of the Funds to the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution to a dealer (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds to the execution of portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Funds to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commission recapture* arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund.

Fixed income, certain other securities and certain derivative products (including forwards) are transacted in an over-the-counter market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain derivative products (including forwards) are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to the portfolio advisor and portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the portfolio advisor and portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Fund, the costs are allocated among the Funds based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the portfolio advisor and portfolio sub-advisors.

9. Related Party Transactions

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (*CIBC*) and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Funds and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Funds may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers that may be held by the Funds, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, or have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Fund.

Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and Portfolio Sub-Advisor of the Funds

CIBC Asset Management Inc. (CAMI), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CIBC, is the Manager, trustee, and portfolio advisor of each of the Funds.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional services, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Funds and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Funds. The dollar amount

(including all applicable taxes) of all fund administrative expenses (net of absorptions) that the Manager recovers from the Fund is reported in footnote Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars

The portfolio advisor and portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products, and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund.

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities, and certain derivative products to the Funds. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors, that process trades through them (referred to in the industry as "soft-dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. They are supplied by the dealer executing the trade or by a third party and paid for by that dealer. As per the terms of the portfolio advisory agreement and sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, for which CAMI acts as advisor, shall be paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements prior portion of the Fund, during the month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Fund to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Funds. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Fund.

Custodian

CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Funds (the *Custodian*). The Custodian holds cash and securities for the Funds and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The Custodian also provides other services to the Funds including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, for which CAMI acts as portfolio sub-advisor are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Fund, or portion of the Fund, during that month. The fees and spreads for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager and charged to each Fund on a recoverable basis. CIBC owns a 50% interest in the Custodian.

Service Provider

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (*CIBC GSS*) provides certain services to the Funds, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. CIBC indirectly owns a 50% interest in CIBC GSS. The dollar amount paid by the Funds (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees (all net of absorptions) and to CIBC GSS for securities lending, fund accounting, reporting, and fund valuation (all net of absorptions) for the six-month periods ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 are reported in footnote *Service Provider* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

10. Hedging

Certain foreign currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of certain Funds. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts.

11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures contracts outstanding with brokers.

12. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to February 29, 2020, coronavirus disease 2019 had been classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization and unprecedented actions have been taken by governments around the world to curtail the spread of the disease. The situation has caused a high level of uncertainty and volatility in the financial markets and has had an enormous impact on businesses and consumers in all sectors. The outcome and timeframe to a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable and as such, it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact on the financial results and conditions of the Manager and its Funds performance in future periods.



Renaissance Investments

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